An excerpt from the forthcoming

CRIME IN HAWAII, 2020

CRIME IN CITY & COUNTY OF HONOLULU, 2020

A REVIEW OF UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS



Prepared By

Kristin Ishihara

Research Analyst

and

Paul Perrone

Chief of Research & Statistics

Research & Statistics Branch
Crime Prevention & Justice Assistance Division

November 2021

Crime in Hawaii can be downloaded from the Crime Prevention & Justice Assistance Division web site ag.hawaii.gov/cpja/

In accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, P.L. 101-336, this material is available in an altered format, upon request. If you require an altered format, please call the Department of the Attorney General, Crime Prevention and Justice Assistance Division at (808) 586-1150. TDD: Oahu, 586-1298; neighbor islands, 1-877-586-1298.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF	Con	ITENTS	i
CAVEATS.			iii
THE UNIFO	ORM	CRIME REPORTING PROGRAM	1-3
REPORTE	O OF	FENSES STATISTICS	5-22
A. B. C. D. E.	HIG REF TOT 1. 2 3 4. TOT 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. ARS 1.	HLIGHTS AND REPORTED INDEX OFFENSES CHART, 2011-2020	5 9 11 13 15 16 17 19 19
ARREST S	TATI	STICS	23-36
ARREST S	1 <i>A11</i>	Total Arrests Table and 10-Year Arrest Rate Charts	25
	2.	Arrests for Index Offenses, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020	
	3.	Age and Sex of Adults Arrested for Index Offenses, 2020	27
	4. -	Race/Ethnicity of Adults Arrested for Index Offenses, 2020	28
	5. 6.	Age and Sex of Juveniles Arrested for Index Offenses, 2020	29
	7.	Part II Arrests by Offense, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020 – Adults	
	7. 8.	Part II Arrests by Offense, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020 – Adults	
	9.	Age and Sex of Adults Arrested for Part II Offenses, 2020	33
		Race/Ethnicity of Adults Arrested for Part II Offenses, 2020	
		Age and Sex of Juveniles Arrested for Part II Offenses, 2020	
		Race/Ethnicity of Juveniles Arrested for Part II Offenses, 2020	
APPENDIX	Α	DEFINITIONS	37-39
APPENDIX	В	Part II Offenses	41-43

This report provides crime statistics and analyses specific to the City & County of Honolulu. The complete *Crime in Hawaii, 2020* report, which will include statewide rate comparisons, plus data on police officers killed and assaulted, police department employee counts, and population estimates, will be available following submission of complete annual crime data from all four of Hawaii's county police departments. **Individual county reports will be superseded by** *Crime in Hawaii, 2020* **upon its publication.**

Caveats

Statistical crime reporting requires a number of rules to count events consistently. Multiple offenses may be committed in most opportunities for crime, and multiple charges may be attached to a single arrest. The statistics presented in this report were collected and compiled using the FBI's Hierarchy Rule that limits crime counts to only the most serious offense committed within an incident that is constrained by time and place, and limits arrest counts to only the most serious charge per booking. Therefore, some crimes may be underreported, e.g., if the victim is killed in a single-victim robbery situation, only murder is recorded, not the crime of robbery. Further details of the Hierarchy Rule are discussed in Footnote 1 on page 2.

The number of reported offenses corresponds to a victim count for only some types of offenses. Violent crimes generally employ the total victim count. Robberies, however, are counted by the incident, regardless of the number of victims. Property crimes also are generally counted by the incident, with the notable exceptions that a burglary is counted for each structure entered, and a motor vehicle theft for each vehicle stolen.

Some crimes are inherently difficult to classify. The Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) definition of aggravated assault, for example, is complex and has been misinterpreted, resulting in large variations between agencies and between years.

These statistics were produced from the operations of Hawaii's four county police departments. Statistics of prosecutorial, court, and parole board decisions are reported separately, by those agencies.

It is strongly cautioned that year-to-year changes based on small numbers of events are likely to result in large percentage changes which typically are not as meaningful as they might appear at first glance.

An unappreciated difference in the time period covered by two different sets of statistics can lead to erroneous conclusions regarding underlying relationships. For example, an abrupt change in the "percent of offenses cleared" statistics, which link the volume of arrests to the volume of reported offenses, should be viewed with caution because offenses already reported in previous years may be counted as cleared, by arrest or exceptional means, in the current year. A clearance is further defined in Appendix A.

The distinction between resident and de facto population is a most important consideration in viewing *Crime in Hawaii*. Crime rates are based on the number of crimes per 100,000 residents. De facto population includes the number of persons physically present in the state: residents, tourists, and non-resident military personnel. Crime rates based on de facto population can be significantly different than rates based on resident population. The UCR program uses resident population to calculate crime rates for all states. However, because of Hawaii's relatively small resident population and large visitor population, crime rates based on resident population are much higher when compared to rates based on the actual number of people in the state.

These and other issues surrounding the collection and compilation of crime and arrest data can contribute to the misinterpretation of statistics presented in this report. We welcome the opportunity to address the validity of readers' interpretations involving these crime statistics. Please feel free to contact us:

Research & Statistics Branch
Crime Prevention and Justice Assistance Division
Department of the Attorney General
235 S. Beretania Street, Suite 401
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813
Tel: (808) 586-1150
Fax: (808) 586-1097

Fax: (808) 586-1097 Web: ag.hawaii.gov/cpja/

THE UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING PROGRAM

BACKGROUND

The Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program was initiated in 1930 by the International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) to meet a recognized need for a nationwide system to collect crime statistics. Since there are numerous differences in criminal codes throughout the United States, the UCR program uses a standard definition for each offense. Law enforcement agencies submit data in accordance to these definitions rather than state statutes. This standardization allows for inter-jurisdictional comparisons and internal validity of national totals.

The national UCR program is administered by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). Definitions of specific offenses, as well as reporting criteria, are contained in the FBI's *Summary Reporting System (SRS) User Manual*. The FBI provides report forms and training to city, county, and state law enforcement agencies. Crime data are collected by over 18,000 local enforcement agencies and reported to the FBI. The FBI assembles, publishes, and distributes a comprehensive annual publication entitled *Crime in the United States*, as well as periodic special reports.

In an effort to streamline procedures and provide consistency and comparability of data, the FBI promoted the development of state UCR programs. The purpose of the state-level UCR program is to collect data from local law enforcement agencies and assure compliance with standards developed jointly by the FBI and IACP.

Hawaii's UCR program was housed in the Judiciary from its inception in 1975 until 1981, when it was transferred to the Hawaii Criminal Justice Data Center, a Division of the Department of the Attorney General. In 1991, the program was transferred from the Data Center to the Research and Statistics Branch of the Crime Prevention Division, which in 1995 became the Crime Prevention and Justice Assistance Division.

The Research and Statistics Branch collects and reviews the UCR reports received from the four county police departments before forwarding the reports to the FBI. The Branch is also responsible for providing technical assistance to the contributing agencies, as well as serving as the FBI's single point of contact in the State of Hawaii.

CRIME STATISTICS

Consistent with the UCR objectives of providing the best representation of total crime and providing the most meaningful data to police departments, the UCR program collects data on reported offenses and arrests. It is widely understood that offenses known to police are an under-representation of the total number of crimes committed, and that a truly reliable measure of unreported crimes is difficult, if not impossible, to obtain. However, the use of reported offenses as official statistics can be verified and compared over time and between jurisdictions.

Because of their seriousness and frequency of occurrence, seven offenses were initially chosen by the IACP to comprise a Crime Index and serve as indicators of our nation's crime experience: murder and non-negligent manslaughter; rape; robbery; aggravated assault; burglary; larceny-theft; and motor vehicle theft. In 1979, a congressional mandate added arson

as the eighth Crime Index Offense.¹ In 2013, a reauthorization act mandated the FBI to add two human trafficking offenses, commercial sex act and involuntary servitude, as Part I offenses, totaling ten Crime Index offenses.

Information reported for Index Offenses includes: the number of crimes reported; the number of offenses cleared by arrest or by exceptional means;² the number of arrests, and the value of property destroyed by arson and taken in each of the remaining offenses, except aggravated assault. (By definition, property cannot be taken in an assault. An offense that begins as an assault but ends with property being taken is classified as robbery.) The ten Index Crimes plus the crime of negligent manslaughter are referred to as Part I Offenses. While complete information is collected on non-traffic related negligent manslaughters, this offense is rare and not mentioned in *Crime in the United States*. Part II Offenses include all other offenses, except traffic, not included in Part I. The national UCR program collects and reports only arrest data for Part II Offenses, while *Crime in Hawaii* additionally contains reported Part II Offense statistics.³ Total negligent manslaughter arrests, including traffic-related, are included in *Crime in Hawaii* with the Part II arrests.

Definitions of terms used in this report appear in Appendices A and B. More detailed descriptions of the UCR program can be obtained from the *Summary Reporting System (SRS) User Manual* published by the FBI. Trends in law enforcement officers killed and assaulted (LEOKA) are reported in Appendix C, and population estimates are noted in Appendix D. New data for cargo theft, effective 2014, are reported in Appendix E.

UCR program rules for classifying and counting crimes are somewhat complex and can, at times, even appear contradictory. Prior to delving into the pages that follow, first-time readers of *Crime in Hawaii* are encouraged to read the "Caveats" page. All readers are requested to review this page when attempting to answer questions about how crimes and arrests are counted and to contact us if their questions remain unanswered. Contact information is at the bottom of the "Caveats" page.

RECENT REVISIONS

In 2013, in addition to removing the word "forcible," the FBI also approved revisions to the UCR Program's definition of rape.⁴ The revised definition of rape is, "The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a

¹ Hawaii has collected arson offense data since 1980. The Hierarchy Rule does not apply to arson offenses. This means that all arsons which become known to the police are counted, so that crime incidents which include arson and one or more of the other Index Offenses are counted twice. As a result, the FBI does not include arsons in calculating and reporting total Index Crimes or property crimes and their respective crime rates. In order to remain consistent with federal reporting, Hawaii also does not include arsons in total Index Crimes and property crimes. Arson offenses are also not counted in the grand total of Index & Part II Offenses.

² An offense cleared by exceptional means is one in which the offender and his or her exact location are known to the law enforcement agency but, for reasons beyond the control of the agency, the offender cannot be arrested. See Appendix A for definition and examples.

³ See Appendix B for definitions of Part II offenses.

⁴ The State of Hawaii will continue to track rape data under the old, or legacy, definition until comparative trends have been established. This will only apply to offense data and not arrests.

sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim." This revised definition encompasses all genders as victims of rape and also includes the offenses of sodomy, and sexual assaults with an object, which were previously reported to the FBI only as arrests in the "other sex offenses" category. The old definition, which will be referred to as the legacy definition throughout this report, is defined as, "The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will." The State of Hawaii commenced the collection of rape data per the revised definition on January 1, 2014.

Other than the addition of arson in 1979, the UCR program has been a stable and static source of crime statistics for the U.S., allowing for crime rate comparisons between police departments and states across the nation. The FBI recently directed the participating agencies to additionally report the following offenses and arrests to its UCR program:

In 2010, in response to the *USA Patriot Improvement and Re-authorization Act of 2005*, which required the Attorney General to report cargo theft as a separate category in the FBI's UCR system, the FBI added the offense of cargo theft. Due to the low numbers of participating agencies reporting cargo theft to the FBI, the FBI has yet to publish a cargo theft report. The State of Hawaii required participating law enforcement agencies to commence the collection of cargo theft data in January 2014; these data are reported in Appendix E.

In 2013, in order to comply with the *William Wilberforce Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008*, the FBI added two more offenses to its Part I Crime Index track: "Human Trafficking–Commercial Sex Acts" and "Human Trafficking–Involuntary Servitude". The Act also required the FBI to distinguish between assisting or promoting prostitution, purchasing prostitution, and prostitution, all of which are reported only as Part II arrests. The State of Hawaii initiated the human trafficking data collection in January 2014. In contrast to the FBI's *Crime in the U.S.* report, which reports human trafficking data separately, the *Crime in Hawaii* report documents human trafficking offenses⁵ and arrests as Part I violent Index Crimes, as specified in the FBI's *SRS User Manual*. Prostitution arrests are aggregated under the prostitution category, in line with the national report.

Lastly, the FBI revised the race categories in 2013 in accordance with a directive from the U.S. Government's Office of Management and Budget. The "Asian/Pacific Islander" race category was separated into "Asian" and "Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander" categories, which also necessitated the State of Hawaii to add "Other Asian" and "Other Pacific Islander" subcategories to its expanded list of Asian and Pacific Islander subcategories.

NATIONAL INCIDENT-BASED REPORTING SYSTEM

The FBI announced the discontinuation of the SRS version of the nationwide UCR Program, effective January 1, 2021. Only the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) version will continue thereafter (see https://ucr.fbi.gov/nibrs-overview). The Hawaii UCR Program's NIBRS data repository received NIBRS certification from the FBI in February 2019. For more information on the effects of NIBRS on crime statistics, please visit https://ucr.fbi.gov/nibrs/2014/resource-pages/effects of nibrs on crime statistics final.pdf.

-

⁵ As in the case for arson, the Hierarchy Rule does not apply to human trafficking offenses, thus all instances of human trafficking are reported. Human trafficking offenses are not included in the total Index Crime count, violent Index Crime, or the grand total of Index & Part II Offenses.

2.733 2.440

Violent Crime Index

In 2020, the total number of Index Crimes reported in the City & County of Honolulu decreased 13.8%; violent crimes decreased 10.7%, and property crimes decreased 14.1%. The number of reported crimes decreased in 2020 for six Index Crime categories: murder, 12.5%; rape, 14.8%; robbery, 22.2%; aggravated assault, 1.3%; burglary, 14.5%; and larceny-theft, 17.1%. The number of reported crimes increased for three Index Crime categories; motor vehicle theft, 3.5%; arson, 18.4%; and human trafficking-commercial sex acts, 350.0%. No human trafficking-involuntary servitude offenses were reported for 2019 or 2020.

During the past 10 years, the population of the City & County of Honolulu increased 0.3%, and the total number of reported Index Crimes decreased 15.6%, violent crimes increased 3.0%, and property crimes decreased 17.0%.

The table on the following page lists the numbers of reported offenses, excluding traffic, in the City & County of Honolulu from 2011 to 2020.

Data submitted by the Honolulu Police Department for 2020 were converted to the traditional Summary Reporting System (SRS) format from data processed under the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS), a new, more comprehensive system. The absence of the hierarchy rule and other nuances in NIBRS may account for slight differences in the number of reported offenses and other tallies reported under the native SRS specifications. For more information on the differences between SRS and NIBRS, see https://ucr.fbi.gov/nibrs-overview.

Total Reported Index Offenses

City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020 ■ Total Index ■ Property Crime Index □ Violent Crime Index 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2019 2011 2018 Total Index 32,982 31,781 33,820 32,936 33,522 32,558 29,917 31,545 32,290 27,842 Property Crime Index 30,612 29,445 31,544 30,663 31,085 30,192 27,477 29,020 29,557 25,402

5

2,370 | 2,336 | 2,276 | 2,273 | 2,437 | 2,366 | 2,440 | 2,525

Reported Offenses City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020

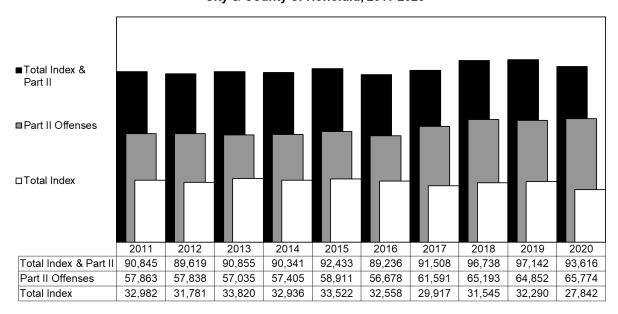
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total Index	32,982	31,781	33,820	32,936	33,522	32,558	29,917	31,545	32,290	27,842
Violent Crime Index	2,370	2,336	2,276	2,273	2,437	2,366	2,440	2,525	2,733	2,440
Murder	14	11	18	19	15	16	32	22	24	21
Rape*				320	318	364	285	388	406	346
Rape (legacy)*	203	165	221	181**	208**	167**	188**	234**	266**	218**
Robbery	821	914	743	768	896	827	908	810	958	745
Aggravated Assault	1,332	1,246	1,294	1,166	1,208	1,159	1,215	1,305	1,345	1,328
Property Crime Index	30,612	29,445	31,544	30,663	31,085	30,192	27,477	29,020	29,557	25,402
Burglary	5,373	4,713	4,813	4,540	4,284	3,724	3,331	3,615	3,928	3,359
Larceny-Theft	21,987	21,978	23,059	22,221	22,930	22,277	20,540	21,266	21,800	18,081
Motor Vehicle Theft	3,252	2,754	3,672	3,902	3,871	4,191	3,606	4,139	3,829	3,962
Arson	228	210	211	169	231	263	327	254	266	315
Human Trafficking - Commercial Sex Acts				1	3	2	2	3	2	9
Human Trafficking - Involuntary Servitude				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Part II Offenses	57,863	57,838	57,035	57,405	58,911	56,678	61,591	65,193	64,852	65,774
Total Index & Part II	90,845	89,619	90,855	90,341	92,433	89,236	91,508	96,738	97,142	93,616

Note: Violent Crime Index, Property Crime Index, Part II Offenses, and Total Index and Part II offenses exclude arson and human trafficking offenses.

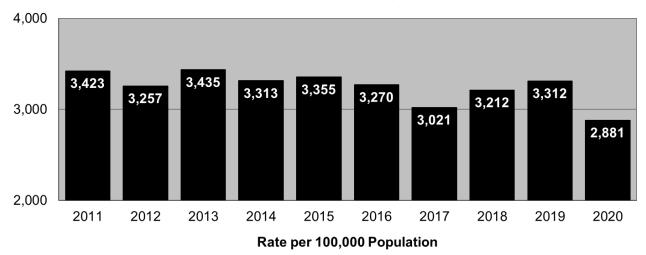
^{*} On January 1, 2014, the State of Hawaii commenced the collection of rape data using the FBI's revised definition (see pages 3 and 15 for more details).

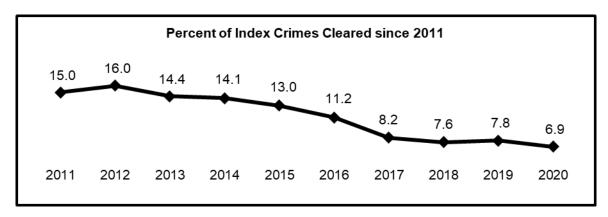
^{**}The total number of rapes under the legacy definition in 2014 is not separately included in the Violent Crime Index, Total Index, and Total Index & Part II offenses. It is, however, already included in the rape count under the revised definition.

Total Reported Index & Part II Offenses City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020



Total Index Crime Rate, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020





<u>Index Crimes</u> - Murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. However, due to a different method of counting, arson and human trafficking offenses are not included in the totals of reported Index Crimes and Index & Part II Offenses.

From 2019 to 2020:

The rate of reported Index Crimes decreased 13.0%.

Comparing 2020 to 2011:

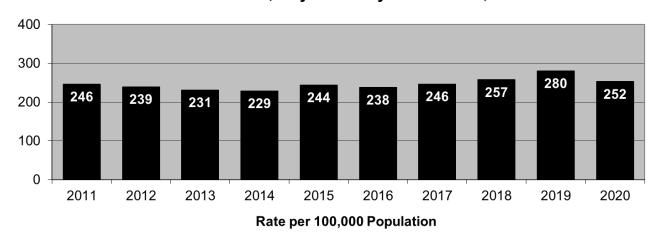
The Index Crime rate decreased 15.8%.

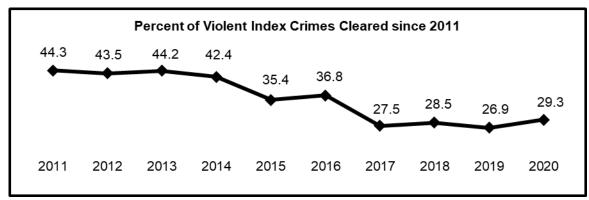
In 2020, of the 27,842 Index Crimes reported:

- Property crimes accounted for 91.2% (25,402).
- Violent crimes accounted for 8.8% (2,440).

The City & County of Honolulu's total Index Crime rate in 2020 was at its lowest level on record since the start of statewide data collection in 1975.

Violent Crime Rate, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020





<u>Violent Crimes</u> - Murder, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. Human trafficking - commercial sex acts and human trafficking - involuntary servitude are also violent crimes; however, due to a different method of counting, they are not included in the totals of violent crimes, Index Crimes, and total Index & Part II Offenses.

From 2019 to 2020:

• The rate of reported violent crimes decreased 9.9%.

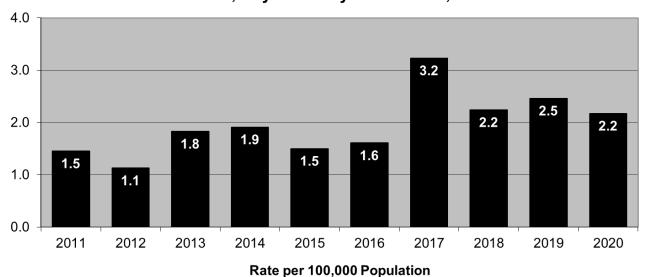
Comparing 2020 to 2011:

The violent crime rate increased 2.6%.

In 2020, of the 2,440 violent crimes reported:

- Aggravated assault accounted for 54.4% (1,328).
- Robbery accounted for 30.5% (745).
- Rape accounted for 14.2% (346).
- Murder accounted for 0.9% (21).

Murder Rate, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020



Percent of Murders Cleared since 2011 100.0 100.0 81.8 77.8 78.9 75.0 66.7 71.4 70.8 68.2 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

Murder - The willful killing of one human being by another.

From 2019 to 2020:

 The rate of murder decreased 11.7%, with 24 murders reported for 2019, and 21 murders reported for 2020.

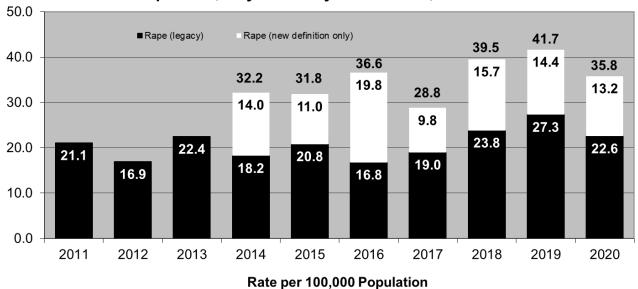
Comparing 2020 to 2011:

• The murder rate increased 49.5%, with 14 murders reported for 2011, and 21 murders reported for 2020.

In 2020, of the 21 reported murders:

- Firearms were involved in 47.6% (10).
- Knives or cutting instruments were involved in 28.6% (6).
- Strongarm weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.) were involved in 19.0% (4).
- "Other" or unknown weapon were used in 4.8% (1).

Rape Rate, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020



Percent of Rapes Cleared since 2011 60.6 49.1 47.8 47.5 44.5 36.8 25.3 25.6 26.9 21.8 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

Rape (legacy)* - The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are included.

<u>Rape (revised)*</u> - Penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

From 2019 to 2020:

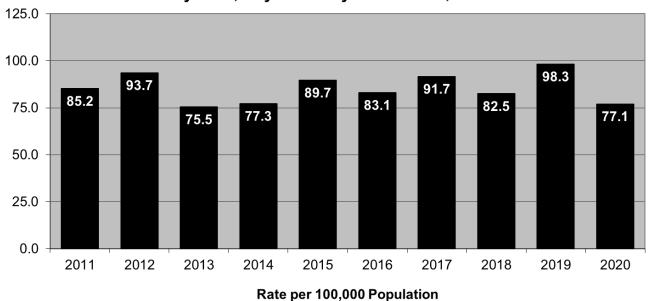
• The rate of reported rapes decreased 14.0%.

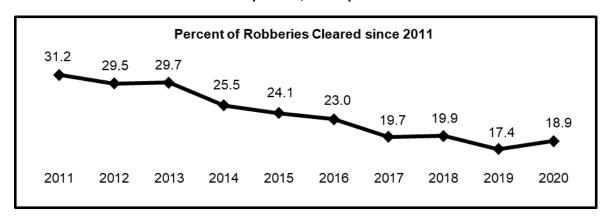
Comparing 2020 to 2011:

• The rape rate, based on the legacy definition, increased 7.1%.

^{*}Note: On January 1, 2014, the State of Hawaii began collecting rape data under the FBI's revised definition. The State of Hawaii will continue to also collect rape data under the old, or legacy, definition so that comparative trends can be established. See page 3 for more information.

Robbery Rate, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020





Robbery - The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

From 2019 to 2020:

The rate of reported robberies decreased 21.6%.

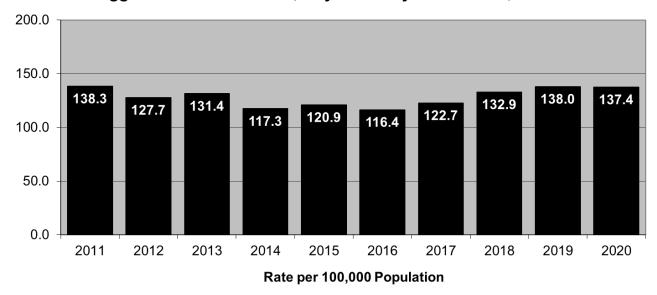
Comparing 2020 to 2011:

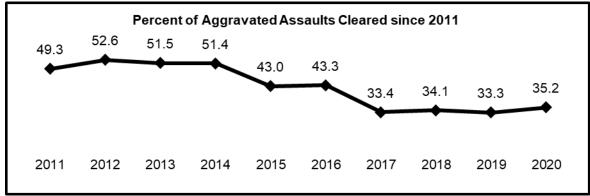
• The robbery rate decreased 9.5%.

In 2020, of the 745 reported robberies:

- Strongarm weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.) were used in 54.5% (406).
- Firearms were used in 17.4% (130).
- Other dangerous weapons were used in 15.2% (113).
- Knives or cutting instruments were used in 12.9% (96).

Aggravated Assault Rate, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020





<u>Aggravated Assault</u> - The unlawful attack or attempted attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

From 2019 to 2020:

• The rate of reported aggravated assaults decreased 0.4%.

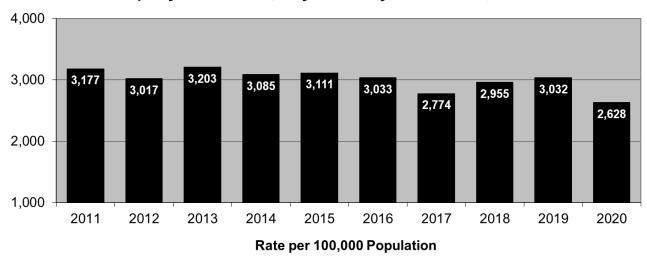
Comparing 2020 to 2011:

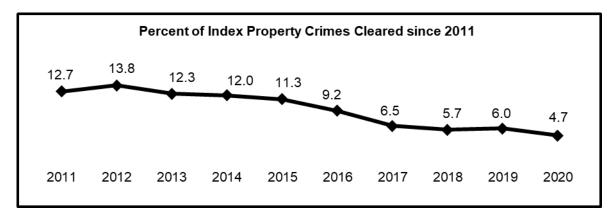
The aggravated assault rate decreased 0.6%.

In 2020, of the 1,328 reported aggravated assaults:

- Other dangerous weapons were used in 38.6% (513).
- Knives or cutting instruments were used in 29.5% (392).
- Firearms were used in 17.6% (233).
- Strongarm weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.) were used in 14.3% (190).

Property Crime Rate, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020





<u>Property Crimes</u> - Burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft. Arson is also a property crime; however, due to a different method of counting, it is not included in the totals of property crimes, Index Crimes, and total Index & Part II Offenses.

From 2019 to 2020:

The rate of reported property crimes decreased 13.3%.

Comparing 2020 to 2011:

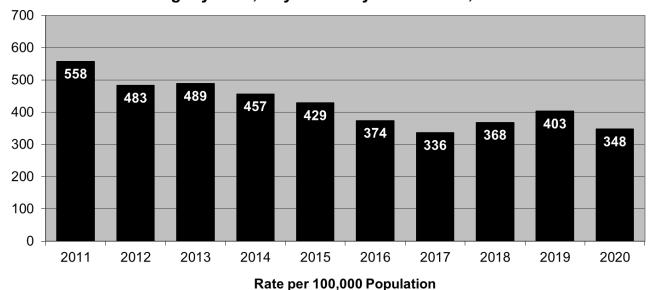
The property crime rate decreased 17.3%.

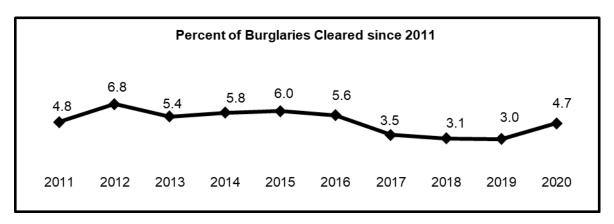
In 2020, of the 25,402 property crimes reported:

- Larceny-theft accounted for 71.2% (18,081).
- Motor vehicle theft accounted for 15.6% (3,962).
- Burglary accounted for 13.2% (3,359).

The City & County of Honolulu's property crime rate in 2020 was at its lowest level on record since the start of statewide data collection in 1975.

Burglary Rate, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020





<u>Burglary</u> - The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. Attempted burglary is included.

From 2019 to 2020:

• The rate of reported burglaries decreased 13.7%.

Comparing 2020 to 2011:

The burglary rate decreased 37.7%.

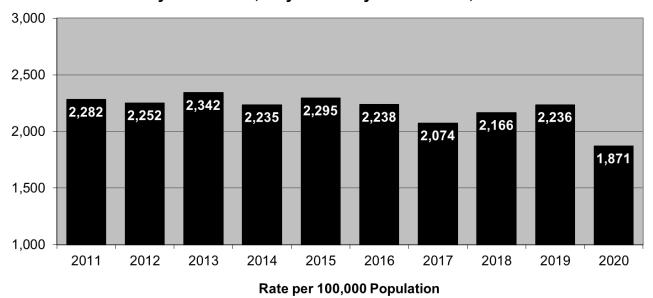
In 2020, of the 3,359 burglaries and attempted burglaries reported:

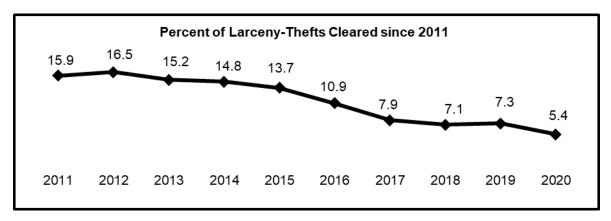
- Burglary accounted for 83.6% (2,808).
- Attempted burglary accounted for 16.4% (551).

In 2020, of the 2,808 reported burglaries:

- Structures entered without force accounted for 51.1% (1,434).
- Structures entered by force accounted for 48.9% (1,374).

Larceny-Theft Rate, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020





<u>Larceny-Theft</u> - The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.

From 2019 to 2020:

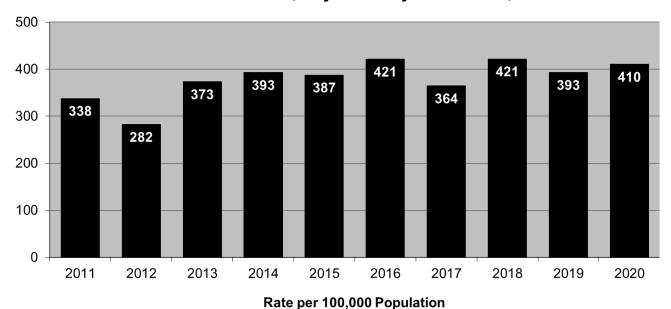
The rate of reported larceny-thefts decreased 16.3%.

Comparing 2020 to 2011:

The larceny-theft rate decreased 18.0%.

The City & County of Honolulu's larceny-theft rate in 2020 was at its lowest level on record since the start of statewide data collection in 1975.

Motor Vehicle Theft Rate, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020



Percent of Motor Vehicle Thefts Cleared since 2011 4.3 3.5 3.3 3.2 2.9 1.7 1.3 1.0 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

Motor Vehicle Theft - The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

From 2019 to 2020:

The rate of reported motor vehicle thefts increased 4.4%.

Comparing 2020 to 2011:

• The motor vehicle theft rate increased 21.5%.

In 2020, of the 3,962 motor vehicle thefts reported:

- Autos accounted for 56.0% (2,220).
- Other vehicles accounted for 34.1% (1,351). Included in this category are motorcycles, golf carts and other self-propelled vehicles.
- Trucks and buses accounted for 9.9% (391). Included in this category are pickup trucks and vans.

Value of Property Stolen by Type of Offense

City & County of Honolulu, 2020

OFFENSE	# OF OFFENSES	Р	ROPERTY VALUE	% OF TOTAL
MURDER	21	\$	10	0.0
RAPE	346	\$	872	0.0
ROBBERY TOTAL	745	\$	1,184,048	2.1
Highway	324	\$	413,566	0.7
Commercial House	75	\$	67,133	0.1
Service Station	17	\$	4,380	0.0
Convenience Store	47	\$	12,740	0.0
Residence	62	\$	355,481	0.6
Bank	7	\$	4,283	0.0
Miscellaneous	213	\$	326,465	0.6
BURGLARYTOTAL	3,359	\$	12,450,097	22.1
Residence - Night	897	\$	4,017,567	7.1
Residence - Day	1,084	\$	4,766,255	8.5
Residence - Unknown*	0	\$	-	0.0
Non-Residence - Night	606	\$	1,485,247	2.6
Non-Residence - Day	772	\$	2,181,028	3.9
Non-Residence - Unknown*	0	\$	-	0.0
LARCENY-THEFT TOTAL	18,081	\$	18,155,670	32.3
Pocket Picking	178	\$	112,261	0.2
Purse Snatching	205	\$	212,950	0.4
Shoplifting	2,110	\$	572,784	1.0
From Motor Vehicles	6,815	\$	6,422,606	11.4
Motor Vehicle Parts	1,901	\$	1,175,537	2.1
Bicycles	826	\$	588,379	1.0
From Buildings	937	\$	1,378,244	2.4
Coin Machines	35	\$	20,971	0.0
All Others	5,074	\$	7,671,938	13.6
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	3,962	\$	24,496,698	43.5
GRAND TOTAL	26,514	\$	56,287,395	100%

Note: Due to rounding, individual percentages may not resolve with sub totals and total.

^{*}Effective November 2016, in accordance with NIBRS guidelines, burglaries that were previously recorded as having occurred at an "unknown" time are classified as either "day" or "night" based on the earliest time the person reporting the offense determined it occurred.

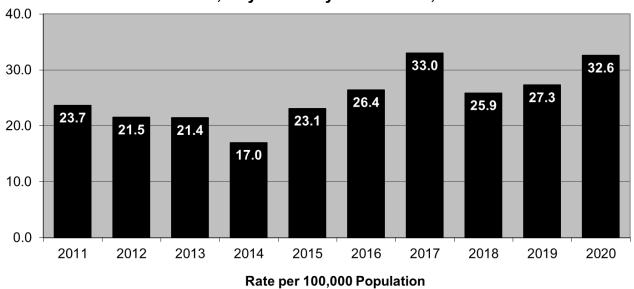
Value of Property Stolen & Recovered City and County of Honolulu, 2020

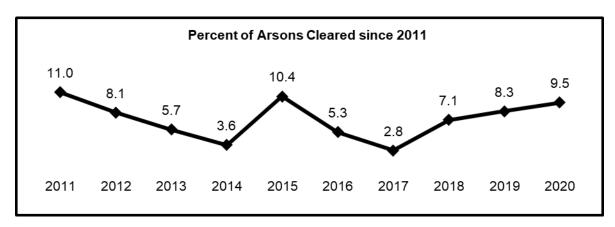
Property Type	Amount Stolen	Amount Recovered	% Recovered
Money - Notes	\$4,277,085	\$31,118	0.7
Jewels	\$5,752,165	\$113,220	2.0
Clothing - Furs	\$2,388,744	\$95,036	4.0
Motor Vehicles	\$26,447,612	\$13,331,958	50.4
Office Equipment	\$960,257	\$47,811	5.0
Televisions - Radios	\$595,226	\$7,654	1.3
Firearms	\$97,243	\$18,864	19.4
Household Goods	\$145,248	\$2,902	2.0
Consumable Goods	\$268,549	\$23,299	8.7
Livestock	\$100,890	\$50	0.0
Miscellaneous	\$15,254,376	\$1,275,641	8.4
TOTAL	\$56,287,395	\$14,947,553	26.6%

Total Value of Property Stolen in Larceny-Thefts, by Value Lost per Offense City & County of Honolulu, 2020

Value Lost per Offense	# of Offenses	Total Property Value	% of Lost Value
\$200 or Over	8,742	\$17,702,538	97.5
\$50 to \$200	3,698	\$383,141	2.1
Under \$50	5,641	\$69,991	0.4
TOTAL	18,081	\$18,155,670	

Arson Rate, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020





<u>Arson</u> - Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

From 2019 to 2020:

The rate of reported arsons increased 19.5%.

Comparing 2020 to 2011:

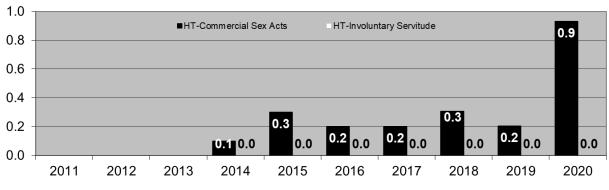
• The arson rate increased 37.7%.

Value of Property Destroyed by Arson City & County of Honolulu, 2020

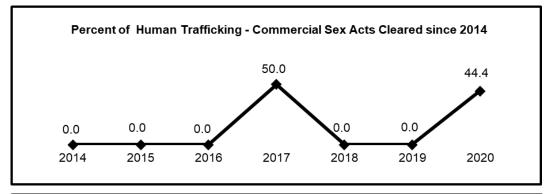
Duanati. Tuna	# of Offenses	Property Value
Property Type	(% of Total)	(% of Total)
Structure Total	51	\$1,807,456
Structure rotal	(16.2)	(62.9)
Single Occupancy Residential	16	\$659,642
Single Occupancy Nesidential	(5.1)	(23.0)
Other Residential	2	\$68,428
Other Residential	(0.6)	(2.4)
Storage	0	\$0
Storage	(0.0)	(0.0)
Industrial / Manufacturing	0	\$0
industrial/ Maridiacturing	(0.0)	(0.0)
Other Commercial	8	\$842,203
Other Commercial	(2.5)	(29.3)
Community / Public	15	\$182,602
Community / Lubile	(4.8)	(6.4)
All Other Structures	10	\$54,581
All Other Structures	(3.2)	(1.9)
Mobile Total	98	\$525,610
Mobile Total	(31.1)	(18.3)
Motor Vehicles	93	\$423,834
Wiotor Vernicles	(29.5)	(14.8)
Other Mobile Property	5	\$101,776
Other Mobile 1 Toperty	(1.6)	(3.5)
Other	166	\$538,666
Curer	(52.7)	(18.8)
TOTAL	315	\$2,871,732

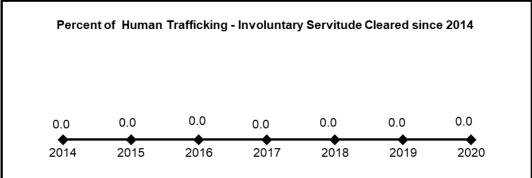
Note: Due to rounding, individual percentages may not resolve with subtotals and total.

Human Trafficking Rate, City & County of Honolulu, 2014-2020



Rate per 100,000 Population





<u>Commercial Sex Acts</u>* - Inducing a person by force, fraud, or coercion to participate in commercial sex acts, or in which the person induced to perform such act(s) has not attained 18 years of age.

<u>Involuntary Servitude</u>* - The obtaining of a person(s) through recruitment, harboring, transportation, or provision, and subjecting such person(s) by force, fraud, or coercion into involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery (not to include commercial sex acts).

From 2019 to 2020:

- Nine human trafficking—commercial sex acts offenses were reported in 2020, as compared to two reported in 2019.
- No human trafficking-involuntary servitude offenses were reported in 2019 or 2020.

^{*}Note: On January 1, 2014, the State of Hawaii began collecting data for human trafficking–commercial sex acts, and human trafficking–involuntary servitude. See page 3 for more information.

ARREST STATISTICS

Arrest data, including the age, sex, and race/ethnicity of the arrestees, are reported by county law enforcement agencies for all violations except most traffic offenses¹. The UCR Program requires that an arrest be counted on each separate occasion a person is taken into custody, notified, or cited. As such, arrest figures do not measure the number of individual people arrested, since one person may be arrested several times during the year, for the same or different types of offenses.

Only the most serious offense is recorded for each arrest. The offenses are divided into two categories: Index Offenses, including murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, arson, and the two human trafficking offenses: commercial sex acts and involuntary servitude; and Part II Offenses, comprised of all other offenses, including manslaughter by negligence². Definitions of Index Offenses and Part II Offenses are included in Appendices A and B, respectively.

In 2013, the FBI separated its "Asian or Pacific Islander" race category into two distinct groups: "Asian" and "Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander". Categories typically employed by the FBI and elsewhere in the nation are restrictive to the following: White, Black, American Indian or Alaskan Native, Asian, and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. In this report, race and ethnicity data are presented using additional categories relevant to Hawaii: White, Black, American Indian or Alaskan Native ("Indian" in the tables), Chinese, Japanese, Filipino, Korean, Other Asian, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Other Pacific Islander.

The status offenses of truancy and ungovernability are included in the Part II arrest category of "All Other Offenses" for juveniles. The role that these status offenses play in any examination of juvenile arrest trends should be seriously considered. For example, in 2007, there were 5,214 arrests statewide for the specified status offenses, accounting for 46.4% of juvenile arrests for Part II Offenses, and 38.8% of all juvenile arrests. Thus, status offense arrests weigh heavily into the calculation of juvenile arrest totals and trends, and any adult-to-juvenile comparison based on traditional Part II totals will be biased in favor of adults.

The division of crime categories is sometimes still made between Part I, an older term that encompassed Index Offenses plus manslaughter by negligence, and Part II, which includes all other offenses. The sections herein on reported offenses (pages 5-99) and arrests (pages 101-171) include manslaughter by negligence with the Part II Offenses for two reasons: 1) the current emphasis of the UCR Program, and this report, is on Index Offenses (which exclude manslaughter by negligence) rather than Part I Offenses; and 2) the FBI's national report, *Crime in the United States*, groups arrest data by Index Offenses and all other offenses — arrests for manslaughter by negligence are excluded.

¹ Contrary to the UCR rule in which reported offenses of negligent manslaughter are tallied for non-traffic cases only, arrest totals for this offense include both traffic and non-traffic cases.

Two types of human trafficking offenses, commercial sex acts and involuntary servitude, were added to this report in 2014. The arrest counts for these categories are reported with the violent crime sections throughout this report. Prostitution, a Part II offense, was broken down into three categories: prostitution, assisting or promoting prostitution, and purchasing prostitution. In line with the FBI's *Crime in the U.S.* report, arrests for these three categories are combined and reported as "Prostitution."

AN IMPORTANT NOTE ABOUT ARREST DATA FOR RAPE

The State of Hawaii began collecting data per the FBI's revised definition of rape in 2014 (see page 3 for more information). A distinction between rape cases collected under the revised and the legacy definition is only noted for data on reported offenses. The rape category for arrest data accounts for all rape arrests regardless of which definition is applied.

NATIONAL INCIDENT-BASED REPORTING SYSTEM

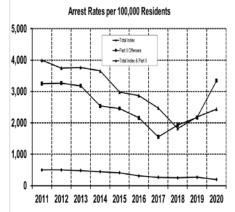
Although the "unknown" race category is an acceptable entry in NIBRS, the FBI's *Crime in the US* report does not convert this category for summary-based data. For Hawaii's UCR Program, the "unknown" race code has been added as an acceptable field for NIBRS-certified agencies only.

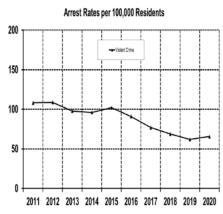
Total Arrests
City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020

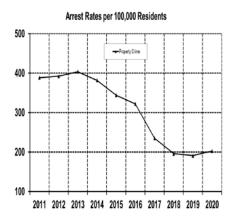
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total Index	4,830	4,892	4,708	4,438	4,128	3,110	2,622	2,484	2,618	1,889
Violent Crime Index	1,047	953	946	1,015	908	767	681	608	640	565
Murder	16	9	14	16	19	16	32	27	25	30
Rape*	93	69	74	192	112	100	65	60	75	62
Robbery	359	335	308	243	292	220	178	182	189	155
Aggravated Assault	579	540	550	564	484	431	404	339	350	316
Human Trafficking - Commercial Sex Acts				0	1	0	2	0	1	2
Human Trafficking - Involuntary Servitude				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Property Crime Index	3,783	3,939	3,762	3,423	3,220	2,343	1,941	1,876	1,978	1,324
Burglary	318	323	254	271	257	239	115	131	150	168
Larceny-Theft	3,177	3,324	3,201	2,832	2,624	2,020	1,783	1,687	1,756	1,082
Motor Vehicle Theft	259	272	298	315	319	73	33	35	45	45
Arson	29	20	9	5	20	11	10	23	27	29

^{*}The FBI's revised definition for this offense was implemented in 2014; see page 3 for more information.

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Part II Offenses	31,300	31,865	31,305	25,239	24,577	21,538	15,424	19,010	21,165	32,330
Total Index & Part II	36 130	36 757	36 013	29 677	28 705	24 648	18 046	21 494	23 783	34 219
Total mack a rait ii	50, 150	50,757	50,015	25,011	20,700	24,040	10,040	21,707	20,700	0 1 ,210







Adult Arrests for Index Offenses, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020

		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	Total Index	3,585	3,729	3,740	3,546	3,262	2,549	2,165	2,175	2,256	1,726
	Total Violent	849	760	764	885	761	627	591	529	536	509
	Murder	14	9	13	14	19	16	30	27	24	29
ime	Rape*	82	60	64	166	90	81	54	50	53	52
Violent Crime	Robbery	238	236	215	202	213	150	128	143	132	126
oler	Aggravated Assault	515	455	472	503	438	380	377	309	326	300
Vi	Human Trafficking - Commercial Sex Acts				0	1	0	2	0	1	2
	Human Trafficking - Involuntary Servitude				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>ə</u>	Total Property	2,736	2,969	2,976	2,661	2,501	1,922	1,574	1,646	1,720	1,217
Crime	Burglary	238	265	223	241	221	213	92	120	123	149
	Larceny-Theft	2,249	2,453	2,488	2,140	1,979	1,645	1,450	1,480	1,533	998
Property	Motor Vehicle Theft	229	241	260	275	287	56	26	27	40	41
Ā	Arson	20	10	5	5	14	8	6	19	24	29

Juvenile Arrests for Index Offenses, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020

		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	Total Index	1,245	1,163	968	892	866	561	457	309	362	163
	Total Violent	198	193	182	130	147	140	90	79	104	56
	Murder	2	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	1	1
ime	Rape*	11	9	10	26	22	19	11	10	22	10
Violent Crime	Robbery	121	99	93	41	79	70	50	39	57	29
oler	Aggravated Assault	64	85	78	61	46	51	27	30	24	16
Vi	Human Trafficking - Commercial Sex Acts				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Human Trafficking - Involuntary Servitude				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e e	Total Property	1,047	970	786	762	719	421	367	230	258	107
Crime	Burglary	80	58	31	30	36	26	23	11	27	19
	Larceny-Theft	928	871	713	692	645	375	333	207	223	84
Property	Motor Vehicle Theft	30	31	38	40	32	17	7	8	5	4
4	Arson	9	10	4	0	6	3	4	4	3	0

^{*}The FBI's revised definition for this offense was implemented in 2014; see page 3 for more information.

Age and Sex of Adults Arrested for Index Offenses

City & County of Honolulu, 2020

Offense	Sex	18-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55+	Total	Row %
Murder	М	11	4	3	7	2	1	0	0	28	96.6%
wurder	F	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3.4%
Rape	М	7	4	9	11	8	1	2	8	50	96.2%
Kape	F	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	3.8%
Robbery	М	36	20	19	13	10	2	3	3	106	84.1%
Robbery	F	7	2	5	2	0	2	1	1	20	15.9%
Aggravated Assault	M	42	37	46	38	26	23	19	35	266	88.7%
Aggravateu Assault	F	5	4	6	9	1	2	2	5	34	11.3%
Human Trafficking -	M	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	100.0%
Commercial Sex Acts	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Human Trafficking -	M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Involuntary Servitude	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Burglary	M	28	22	20	26	8	14	2	4	124	83.2%
Durgiary	F	4	8	6	4	1	0	0	2	25	16.8%
Larceny-Theft	M	126	114	141	91	96	63	53	94	778	78.0%
Larcerry-Trieft	F	40	31	35	36	23	19	9	27	220	22.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	M	7	10	9	5	5	1	0	1	38	92.7%
Wiotor Verliele Their	F	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	7.3%
Arson	М	5	2	1	4	1	2	2	6	23	79.3%
713011	F	0	2	0	2	0	0	2	0	6	20.7%
Total	M	262	213	248	195	158	107	81	151	1,415	82.0%
Total	F	58	48	53	53	26	24	14	35	311	18.0%
Column Percent	М	81.9%	81.6%	82.4%	78.6%	85.9%	81.7%	85.3%	81.2%	82.0%	
Column refeeld	F	18.1%	18.4%	17.6%	21.4%	14.1%	18.3%	14.7%	18.8%	18.0%	

Race/Ethnicity of Adults Arrested for Index Offenses City & County of Honolulu, 2020

Offense / Row %	White	Black	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Filipino	Korean	Other Asian	Hawaiian	Samoan	Other Pacific Islander	Unknown*	Total
Murder	6	5	0	0	1	1	1	0	7	4	4	0	29
Murder	20.7%	17.2%	0.0%	0.0%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	0.0%	24.1%	13.8%	13.8%	0.0%	100.0%
Rape	13	9	0	1	3	8	0	0	6	2	6	4	52
Nape	25.0%	17.3%	0.0%	1.9%	5.8%	15.4%	0.0%	0.0%	11.5%	3.8%	11.5%	7.7%	100.0%
Robberv	31	11	0	1	2	11	2	3	25	17	21	2	126
Robbery	24.6%	8.7%	0.0%	0.8%	1.6%	8.7%	1.6%	2.4%	19.8%	13.5%	16.7%	1.6%	100.0%
Aggravated Assault	81	23	0	9	15	32	1	2	70	18	43	6	300
Aggravated Assault	27.0%	7.7%	0.0%	3.0%	5.0%	10.7%	0.3%	0.7%	23.3%	6.0%	14.3%	2.0%	100.0%
Human Trafficking -	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Commercial Sex Acts	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Human Trafficking -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Involuntary Servitude	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary	57	12	3	6	6	19	3	2	31	5	5	0	149
Burgiary	38.3%	8.1%	2.0%	4.0%	4.0%	12.8%	2.0%	1.3%	20.8%	3.4%	3.4%	0.0%	100.0%
Larceny-Theft	373	77	0	31	40	112	13	8	212	38	70	24	998
Larcerry-Trient	37.4%	7.7%	0.0%	3.1%	4.0%	11.2%	1.3%	0.8%	21.2%	3.8%	7.0%	2.4%	100.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	10	1	0	0	0	10	1	0	9	7	2	1	41
Wotor verileie men	24.4%	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	24.4%	2.4%	0.0%	22.0%	17.1%	4.9%	2.4%	100.0%
Arson	9	4	0	1	2	3	0	1	6	1	2	0	29
Alson	31.0%	13.8%	0.0%	3.4%	6.9%	10.3%	0.0%	3.4%	20.7%	3.4%	6.9%	0.0%	100.0%
Total	582	142	3	49	69	196	21	16	366	92	153	37	1,726
Column Percent	33.7%	8.2%	0.2%	2.8%	4.0%	11.4%	1.2%	0.9%	21.2%	5.3%	8.9%	2.1%	100.0%

^{*}Data for arrestees with an unknown race were captured at a preliminary stage of the arrest process, and may have changed thereafter.

Age and Sex of Juveniles Arrested for Index Offenses

City & County of Honolulu, 2020

Offense	Sex	0-9	10-12	13-14	15	16	17	Total	Row %
Murder	M	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	100.0%
Warder	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Rape	M	0	0	1	4	1	4	10	100.0%
	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Robbery	M	0	4	4	4	7	5	24	82.8%
	F	0	0	2	2	1	0	5	17.2%
Aggravated Assault	M	0	0	3	1	5	7	16	100.0%
	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Human Trafficking - Commerical Sex Acts	M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Human Trafficking - Involuntary Servitude	M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Burglary	M	0	1	7	4	6	1	19	100.0%
	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	M	2	4	14	14	15	21	70	83.3%
Largery Their	F	0	0	5	3	1	5	14	16.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	M	0	0	0	2	0	1	3	75.0%
	F	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	25.0%
Arson	М	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Total	М	2	9	30	29	34	39	143	87.7%
	F	0	0	7	5	3	5	20	12.3%
Column Percent	М	100.0%	100.0%	81.1%	85.3%	91.9%	88.6%	87.7%	
	F	0.0%	0.0%	18.9%	14.7%	8.1%	11.4%	12.3%	

Race/Ethnicity of Juveniles Arrested for Index Offenses

City & County of Honolulu, 2020

Offense / Row %	White	Black	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Filipino	Korean	Other Asian	Hawaiian	Samoan	Other Pacific Islander	Unknown*	Total
Murder	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Rape	3	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	10
	30.0%	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%	10.0%	0.0%	10.0%	100.0%
Robbery	4	1	0	1	4	1	0	3	1	1	13	0	29
	13.8%	3.4%	0.0%	3.4%	13.8%	3.4%	0.0%	10.3%	3.4%	3.4%	44.8%	0.0%	100.0%
Aggravated Assault	4	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	6	0	3	0	16
	25.0%	6.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.3%	6.3%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%	18.8%	0.0%	100.0%
Human Trafficking - Commercial Sex Acts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Human Trafficking - Involuntary Servitude	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	14	0	19
	0.0%	5.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	15.8%	5.3%	0.0%	73.7%	0.0%	100.0%
Larceny-Theft	14	8	0	2	2	12	3	2	10	4	25	2	84
	16.7%	9.5%	0.0%	2.4%	2.4%	14.3%	3.6%	2.4%	11.9%	4.8%	29.8%	2.4%	100.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	4
	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total	26	13	0	3	8	16	4	8	20	6	56	3	163
Column Percent	16.0%	8.0%	0.0%	1.8%	4.9%	9.8%	2.5%	4.9%	12.3%	3.7%	34.4%	1.8%	100.0%

^{*}Data for arrestees with an unknown race were captured at a preliminary stage of the arrest process, and may have changed thereafter.

Adult Part II Arrests by Offense, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020

Туре	Specific Offense	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
+	Negligent Manslaughter	7	13	1	7	5	6	0	0	0	1
Violent	Other Assault	3,063	2,935	2,691	2,781	2,956	2,675	2,116	2,190	2,333	2,374
>	Sex Offenses	161	204	132	130	126	97	55	79	66	50
73	Forgery	101	95	104	101	102	95	52	57	67	42
Property-Related	Fraud	193	217	302	271	255	196	91	177	218	139
rty-Re	Embezzlement	23	42	33	18	33	19	0	6	4	2
rope	Stolen Property	77	106	140	124	112	105	368	408	423	471
ш	Vandalism	314	325	300	342	315	260	145	40	60	67
sale	Opium or Cocaine	7	3	19	4	0	0	24	5	13	3
ug ring/S	Marijuana	33	31	24	23	11	4	22	18	12	15
Drug Manufacturing/Sale	Synthetic Narcotic	13	12	9	2	1	4	28	1	1	0
Manu	Nonnarcotic	44	35	23	29	18	11	0	21	14	17
on	Opium or Cocaine	118	103	86	51	68	66	112	119	97	119
Drug Possession	Marijuana	324	390	321	299	276	209	176	532	416	227
y Pos	Synthetic Narcotic	27	36	25	18	12	12	0	8	7	5
Drug	Nonnarcotic	370	419	416	558	460	455	382	502	573	550
lg.	Bookmaking	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling	Numbers & Lottery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ga	Other	29	36	7	14	0	0	40	44	28	50
_ p	DUI	4,034	4,803	4,539	4,531	4,496	3,973	3,906	3,652	3,511	1,897
Alcohol- Related	Liquor Laws	467	594	426	356	450	366	266	1,591	2,083	2,635
₹ ¤	Disorderly Conduct	498	464	420	463	630	498	367	382	662	558
	Offenses Agst. Family/Children	49	25	35	10	12	7	4	13	5	10
	Prostitution	254	280	231	216	112	94	84	97	69	39
Jer	Suspicion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	Vagrancy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	75	277	546
	Weapons	125	107	121	99	89	117	52	81	102	123
	All Other Criminal Offenses	15,898	15,521	16,053	10,722	10,637	9,103	4,385	6,121	7,789	20,492
Total P	Part II Offenses	26,229	26,796	26,460	21,170	21,176	18,372	12,675	16,219	18,830	30,432
	ndex & Part II Offenses	29,814	30,525	30,200	24,716	24,438	20,921	14,840	18,394	21,086	32,158

Juvenile Part II Arrests by Offense, City & County of Honolulu, 2011-2020

Туре	Specific Offense	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Violent	Other Assault	571	523	436	401	387	380	312	274	310	165
>	Sex Offenses	61	51	38	33	48	37	29	28	32	18
	Forgery	4	2	1	1	1	0	1	2	1	0
Property-Related	Fraud	13	10	22	17	9	6	2	3	1	2
rty-Re	Embezzlement	2	1	0	1	1	0	3	0	0	1
rope	Stolen Property	18	14	23	18	16	20	45	53	52	21
	Vandalism	158	145	149	114	107	90	36	2	15	7
Sale	Opium or Cocaine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Manufacturing/Sale	Marijuana	7	6	4	1	2	3	10	7	4	0
Dru	Synthetic Narcotic	0	1	0	0	2	1	5	0	0	0
Manı	Nonnarcotic	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
ion	Opium or Cocaine	1	4	3	1	2	2	4	2	1	1
Drug Possession	Marijuana	265	244	211	180	191	197	185	178	140	34
g Pos	Synthetic Narcotic	2	1	1	2	12	6	0	2	3	0
Dru	Nonnarcotic	5	7	12	14	9	23	19	25	27	4
бı	Bookmaking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling	Numbers & Lottery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ő	Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u> </u>	DUI	25	28	28	30	26	15	19	8	18	10
Alcohol- Related	Liquor Laws	49	51	34	22	46	31	17	23	15	15
A A	Disorderly Conduct	36	23	31	43	62	63	43	19	43	15
	Offenses Agst. Family/Children	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Prostitution	1	4	4	3	6	3	0	0	0	0
Other	Suspicion	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0
ŏ	Vagrancy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Weapons	20	17	20	11	19	10	13	6	12	3
	All Other Offenses	1,354	1,513	1,534	1,180	920	804	443	316	295	596
Status	Curfew	139	154	120	94	86	51	37	35	55	15
Sta	Runaway	2,340	2,265	2,173	1,903	1,449	1,417	1,526	1,808	1,309	991
Total Pa	art II Offenses	5,071	5,069	4,845	4,069	3,401	3,166	2,749	2,791	2,335	1,898
Total In	dex & Part II Offenses	6,316	6,232	5,813	4,961	4,267	3,727	3,206	3,100	2,697	2,061

Age and Sex of Adults Arrested for Part II Offenses City & County of Honolulu, 2020

Type	Offense	Sex	18-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55+	Total	Row %
Турс	Negligent	M	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	100.0%
	Manslaughter	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0.0%
ju		М	271	276	286	286	216	155	133	247	1.870	78.8%
Violent	Other Assault	F	83	71	97	57	49	49	42	56	504	21.2%
>	00"	М	11	5	4	9	2	6	7	5	49	98.0%
	Sex Offenses	F	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2.0%
	F	М	2	6	13	6	2	1	3	4	37	88.1%
	Forgery	F	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	5	11.9%
eq	Frand	М	10	9	15	14	17	14	4	17	100	71.9%
at	Fraud	F	8	3	8	10	4	3	0	3	39	28.1%
å	Embezzlement	М	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Property-Related	Linbezziement	F	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	100.0%
be	Stolen Property	M	80	70	95	42	40	24	22	19	392	83.2%
Pro	Otoleit i Toperty	F	13	21	25	9	7	0	4	0	79	16.8%
	Vandalism	М	16	13	5	6	4	3	4	3	54	80.6%
	Varidalisiti	F	1	2	6	2	1	0	0	1	13	19.4%
<u>o</u>	Opium or Cocaine	М	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	100.0%
Sa	opiani di dedame	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
_ g	Marijuana	M	6	0	0	0	3	1	0	1	11	73.3%
Drug		F	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	26.7%
Drug Manufacturing/Sale	Synthetic Narcotic	M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
of.	.,	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
٧aı	Nonnarcotic	M	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	2	12	70.6%
		F	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	1	5	29.4%
_	Opium or Cocaine	M	15	27	21	10	10	4	5	12	104	87.4%
Drug Possession	opiairi di dodairio	F	1	4	3	4	2	0	1	0	15	12.6%
es	Marijuana	M	56	32	19	18	18	15	10	25	193	85.0%
SSC	,	F	18	8	3	0	1	1	1	2	34	15.0%
Ā	Synthetic Narcotic	M	1	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	5	100.0%
l g		F M	0 43	0 64	0 67	0	0 50	0 59	0 41	70	0 454	0.0% 82.5%
	Nonnarcotic	F		16		60 9		8	12	10		
		M	15 0	0	14 0	0	12 0	0	0	0	96 0	17.5% 0.0%
	Bookmaking	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Gambling		М	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
윤	Numbers & Lottery	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Ga		м	5	1	2	10	5	7	0	6	36	72.0%
	Other	F	0	0	2	2	0	4	4	2	14	28.0%
	D. II	М	372	313	251	197	134	103	64	133	1,567	82.6%
	DUI	F	92	64	64	31	18	21	17	23	330	17.4%
Alcohol- Related	1 Consent anno	М	269	252	274	220	199	159	218	520	2,111	80.1%
<u>8</u>	Liquor Laws	F	92	64	70	43	29	42	42	142	524	19.9%
∢ ₩	Disorderly Conduct	М	69	51	60	48	41	31	28	78	406	72.8%
L_	Discridenty Conduct	F	21	13	21	19	15	13	17	33	152	27.2%
	Offenses Agst.	М	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	4	40.0%
	Family/Children	F	0	2	0	1	1	1	1	0	6	60.0%
	Described:	М	6	6	4	5	10	4	0	1	36	92.3%
	Prostitution	F	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	7.7%
	O	М	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Other	Suspicion	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
ð	Vagranav	М	14	14	28	19	31	26	61	143	336	61.5%
	Vagrancy	F	1	15	24	16	19	19	26	90	210	38.5%
	Weapons	М	19	14	27	15	17	8	3	6	109	88.6%
	v v Gapons	F	6	4	2	1	0	1	0	0	14	11.4%
	All Other Offenses	М	2,262	1,779	1,976	1,805	1,585	1,336	1,481	2,739	14,963	73.0%
	, iii Othor Onerioes	F	955	686	799	664	560	426	548	891	5,529	27.0%
Teste		M	3,529	2,937	3,148	2,775	2,387	1,959	2,085	4,033	22,853	75.1%
Total		F	1,310	976	1,138	869	724	589	718	1,255	7,579	24.9%
		М	72.9%	75.1%	73.4%	76.2%	76.7%	76.9%	74.4%	76.3%	75.1%	
Colu	mn Percent											
		F	27.1%	24.9%	26.6%	23.8%	23.3%	23.1%	25.6%	23.7%	24.9%	

Race/Ethnicity of Adults Arrested for Part II Offenses City & County of Honolulu, 2020

Туре	Offense	White	Black	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Filipino	Korean	Other Asian	Hawaiian	Samoan	Other Pacific Islander	Unknown*	Total
	Negligent Manslaughter	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	1 100.0%	0 0.0%	0	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	1 100.0%
ant		804	228	5	81	88	260	34	25	460	139	226	24	2,374
Violent	Other Assault	33.9%	9.6%	0.2%	3.4%	3.7%	11.0%	1.4%	1.1%	19.4%	5.9%	9.5%	1.0%	100.0%
	Sex Offenses	8 16.0%	5 10.0%	0	0 0.0%	2 4.0%	11 22.0%	3 6.0%	0	8 16.0%	2 4.0%	7 14.0%	4 8.0%	50 100.0%
	_	13	2	0.078	1	1	4	1	0.078	12	4.076	3	1	42
	Forgery	31.0%	4.8%	0.0%	2.4%	2.4%	9.5%	2.4%	0.0%	28.6%	9.5%	7.1%	2.4%	100.0%
lated	Fraud	53 38.1%	6 4.3%	0 0.0%	3 2.2%	6 4.3%	16 11.5%	0 0.0%	1 0.7%	29 20.9%	7 5.0%	2 1.4%	16 11.5%	139 100.0%
Property-Related	Embezzlement	1 50.0%	0	0	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	1 50.0%	0 0.0%	0	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	2 100.0%
oper.	Otalea December	130	24	0.070	7	14	67	2	3	144	39	37	4	471
P	Stolen Property	27.6%	5.1%	0.0%	1.5%	3.0%	14.2%	0.4%	0.6%	30.6%	8.3%	7.9%	0.8%	100.0%
	Vandalism	17	3	0	4	2	8	0	0	20	4	9	0	67
o o		25.4%	4.5% 0	0.0%	6.0%	3.0%	11.9%	0.0%	0.0%	29.9% 1	6.0%	13.4% 0	0.0%	100.0%
y/Sal	Opium or Cocaine	66.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Drug Manufacturing/Sale	Marijuana	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	10	0	1	0	15
Jact		20.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	66.7% 0	0.0%	6.7% 0	0.0%	100.0%
Manı	Synthetic Narcotic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
rug l	Nonnarcotic	6	1	0	0	0	3	0	1	4	1	1	0	17
		35.3%	5.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	17.6%	0.0%	5.9%	23.5%	5.9%	5.9%	0.0%	100.0%
_	Opium or Cocaine	51 42.9%	15 12.6%	0.0%	5 4.2%	7 5.9%	11 9.2%	0 0.0%	2 1.7%	10 8.4%	4 3.4%	9 7.6%	5 4.2%	119 100.0%
Possession	Marijuana	66	19	0	3	10	17	2	2	38	7	14	49	227
osse	Manjadria	29.1%	8.4%	0.0%	1.3%	4.4%	7.5%	0.9%	0.9%	16.7%	3.1%	6.2%	21.6%	100.0%
ng P	Synthetic Narcotic	3 60.0%	1 20.0%	0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0.0%	0 0.0%	1 20.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	5 100.0%
Drug	Namanatia	166	26	4	20	29	84	0	4	137	28	39	13	550
	Nonnarcotic	30.2%	4.7%	0.7%	3.6%	5.3%	15.3%	0.0%	0.7%	24.9%	5.1%	7.1%	2.4%	100.0%
	Bookmaking	0 0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%
oling	Nl O.L	0.078	0.078	0.078	0.078	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.078	0.078	0.0%	0.0%	0.078	0.0%
Gambling	Numbers & Lottery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
J	Other	6	0	0	10	0	4	4	18	4	2	2	0	50
\vdash		12.0% 544	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%	8.0%	8.0%	36.0% 10	8.0% 281	4.0% 0	4.0% 4	0.0% 929	1,897
ated	DUI	28.7%	6.3%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.5%	14.8%	0.0%	0.2%	49.0%	100.0%
-Rel	Liquor Laws	851	252	29	15	59	109	23	31	203	117	471	475	2,635
Alcohol-Related	<u> </u>	32.3% 184	9.6%	1.1%	0.6% 7	2.2%	4.1% 27	0.9%	1.2%	7.7% 82	4.4% 7	17.9% 20	18.0% 168	100.0% 558
Alc	Disorderly Conduct	33.0%	7.9%	0.9%	1.3%	1.8%	4.8%	0.5%	0.2%	14.7%	1.3%	3.6%	30.1%	100.0%
	Offenses Agst.	4	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	10
	Family/Children	40.0%	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	100.0%
	Prostitution	10 25.6%	7 17.9%	0 0.0%	6 15.4%	0 0.0%	4 10.3%	0 0.0%	1 2.6%	5 12.8%	2 5.1%	3 7.7%	1 2.6%	39 100.0%
je.	Suspicion	0 0.0%	0	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%
Other	Vagrancy	175 32.1%	59 10.8%	0	22 4.0%	27 4.9%	41 7.5%	8 1.5%	23 4.2%	105 19.2%	23 4.2%	23 4.2%	40 7.3%	546 100.0%
	Weapons	39	5	0.0%	1	4.978	21	0	0	38	9	5	1	123
	Weapons	31.7%	4.1%	0.0%	0.8%	3.3%	17.1%	0.0%	0.0%	30.9%	7.3%	4.1%	0.8%	100.0%
	All Other Offenses	5,775	918	26	319	699	1,558	155	200	3,826	721	1,091	5,204	20,492
Tota		28.2%	4.5%	0.1%	1.6%	3.4%	7.6%	0.8%	1.0%	18.7%	3.5%	5.3%	25.4%	100.0%
		8,911	1,735	71	505	962	2,251	238	322	5,417	1,117	1,967	6,936	30,432
Colu	umn Percent	29.3%	5.7%	0.2%	1.7%	3.2%	7.4%	0.8%	1.1%	17.8%	3.7%	6.5%	22.8%	100.0%

^{*}Data for arrestees with an unknown race were captured at a preliminary stage of the arrest process, and may have changed thereafter.

Age and Sex of Juveniles Arrested for Part II Offenses City & County of Honolulu, 2020

						iuiu, Zu		1		
Type	Offense	Sex	0-9	10-12	13-14	15	16	17	Total	Row %
	Negligent	M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Ę	Manslaughter	F	0	0 11	0 20	0 17	0 27	0	101	0.0%
Violent	Other Assault	M F	1	4	10	17	20	25 19	64	61.2% 38.8%
>		1	1	0	8	5	4	0	18	100.0%
	Sex Offenses	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
	_	M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
	Forgery	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Property-Related	Fraud	М	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	100.0%
<u>a</u>	riauu	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Ä	Embezzlement	M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
ert,	Embozziomont	F	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	100.0%
obe	Stolen Property	M	0	0	5	4	7	2	18	85.7%
Ā	' '	F	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	14.3%
	Vandalism	M	0	4	1	2	0	0	7	100.0%
-		F M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
ale	Opium or Cocaine	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
s/s		M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Drug Manufacturing/Sale	Marijuana	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Drug	Outsthead a No. 11	<u>.</u> М	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
_ a	Synthetic Narcotic	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
auı	Nonnarcotic	М	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Σ	Nonnarcotic	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
	Opium or Cocaine	M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Drug Possession	Splain of Oodaine	F	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	100.0%
ess	Marijuana	M	0	0	6	2	5	10	23	67.6%
SS		F	0	4	1	4	1	1	11	32.4%
P	Synthetic Narcotic	M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
бn.	,	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
۵	Nonnarcotic	M F	0	0	0	1	3	0	4	100.0% 0.0%
	Bookmaking Numbers & Lottery	M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
D		F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
iË		M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Gambling		F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Ğa	Other	M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
	Ottlet	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
	DUI	M	0	0	0	0	0	8	8	80.0%
능효	50.	F	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	20.0%
Alcohol- Related	Liquor Laws	M	1	0	0	0	2	10	13	86.7%
Alc Rel	1	F	0	0	0	0	1 7	1	2	13.3%
	Disorderly Conduct	M	1	1	0	1	7	4	14	93.3%
	Offenses Agst.	F M	0	0	0	0	0		1	6.7%
		M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
	Family/Children	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
	Prostitution	M F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0% 0.0%
		M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
ē	Suspicion	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Other	\/	<u>.</u> М	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
	Vagrancy	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
	Weapons	М	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	66.7%
	vveapons	F	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	33.3%
	All Other Offenses	М	19	15	85	60	134	119	432	72.5%
	, iii Otrior Offeriaea	F	8	3	26	27	31	69	164	27.5%
S	Curfew	M	0	0	8	2	1	0	11	73.3%
Status		F	0	0	0	1	1	2	4	26.7%
ξţ	Runaway	M	2	24	92	140	142	85	485	48.9%
		F	1	20	118	131	139	97	506	51.1%
Total		M F	25 10	55 31	227 156	234 173	333 195	264 195	1,138 760	60.0% 40.0%
		M	71.4%	64.0%	59.3%	57.5%	63.1%	57.5%	60.0%	40.070
Colun	nn Percent	F	28.6%	36.0%	40.7%	42.5%	36.9%	42.5%	40.0%	
			20.070	00.070	10.1 /0	12.070	00.070	12.070	10.070	

Race/Ethnicity of Juveniles Arrested for Part II Offenses City & County of Honolulu, 2020

					Oity &	County	31 11011	olulu, i	2020					
Туре	Offense	White	Black	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Filipino	Korean	Other Asian	Hawaiian	Samoan	Other Pacific Islander	Unknown*	Total
	Negligent Manslaughter	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%
Violent	Other Assault	41 24.8%	15 9.1%	0 0.0%	6 3.6%	6 3.6%	22 13.3%	1 0.6%	1 0.6%	28 17.0%	14 8.5%	29 17.6%	2 1.2%	165 100.0%
	Sex Offenses	3 16.7%	0 0.0%	1 5.6%	1 5.6%	3 16.7%	2 11.1%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	2 11.1%	4 22.2%	2 11.1%	0 0.0%	18 100.0%
p	Forgery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2
Property-Related	Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	100.0%
perty.		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Prc	Stolen Property	9.5%	9.5%	0.0%	4.8%	0.0%	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	9.5%	4.8%	47.6%	0.0%	100.0%
	Vandalism	1 14.3%	1 14.3%	0 0.0%	1 14.3%	0 0.0%	1 14.3%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	2 28.6%	1 14.3%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	7 100.0%
/Sale	Opium or Cocaine	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%
Drug Manufacturing/Sale	Marijuana	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%
anufac	Synthetic Narcotic	0 0.0%	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0.0%
rug Ma	Nonnarcotic	0	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.0%	0
		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
sion	Opium or Cocaine	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0% 7	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0% 34
Sesso	Marijuana	23.5%	8.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.6%	0.0%	2.9%	5.9%	2.9%	11.8%	23.5%	100.0%
Drug Possession	Synthetic Narcotic	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%
	Nonnarcotic	0 0.0%	1 25.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	3 75.0%	0 0.0%	4 100.0%
	Bookmaking	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%
Gambling	Numbers & Lottery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ga	Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-	DUI	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0% 7	0.0%
Relate		20.0%	0.0%	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	70.0% 9	100.0% 15
Alcohol-Related	Liquor Laws	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.7%	6.7% 0	0.0%	0.0%	26.7% 0	60.0%	100.0%
Alc	Disorderly Conduct	13.3%	6.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%	60.0%	100.0%
	Offenses Agst. Family/Children	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%
	Prostitution	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%
<u>.</u>	Suspicion	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%
Other	Vagrancy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	All Other Offenses	33.3% 89	0.0% 15	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	33.3% 29	0.0% 5	0.0%	0.0% 69	33.3% 16	0.0% 57	0.0% 295	100.0% 596
\vdash		14.9% 1	2.5%	0.2%	0.2%	1.8% 0	4.9% 0	0.8%	1.3% 0	11.6% 3	2.7% 0	9.6%	49.5% 9	100.0% 15
Status	Curfew	6.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%	13.3%	60.0%	100.0%
	Runaway	302 30.5%	60 6.1%	4 0.4%	2 0.2%	0 0.0%	2 0.2%	0 0.0%	5 0.5%	163 16.4%	0 0.0%	1 0.1%	452 45.6%	991 100.0%
Tota		452	98	7	12	20	68	7	17	274	38	113	792	1,898
Column Percent 23.8% 5.2% 0.4% 0.6% 1.1% 3.6% 0.4% 0.9% 14.4% 2.0% 6.0% 41.7%										100.0%				

^{*}Data for arrestees with an unknown race were captured at a preliminary stage of the arrest process, and may have changed thereafter.

APPENDIX A

DEFINITIONS

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury; attempted murder. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed. Attacks by personal weapons, such as hands, fists, feet, etc., which result in serious or aggravated injury.

ARSON: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

ASSAULT: An unlawful attack by one person upon another. Includes Aggravated Assault (Part I Offense) and Other Assaults (Part II Offense).

BURGLARY: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. Includes forcible entry, unlawful entry where no force is used, and attempted forcible entry where no entry occurs.

CARGO THEFT: Criminal taking of any cargo, in whole or in part, while moving in commerce at all points between the point of origin and the final destination, regardless of any temporary stop while awaiting transshipment or otherwise.

CLEARANCE: An offense is "cleared" either by arrest or exceptional means. An offense is cleared by arrest when at least one person is arrested; charged with the commission of the offense; and turned over to the court for prosecution. An offense is cleared by exceptional means when the identity of the offender is known; there is enough evidence to support an arrest, charge, and turning over to the court for prosecution; the exact location of the offender is known; and, for reasons outside the control of law enforcement, the offender cannot be arrested, charged, and prosecuted. Examples of offenses cleared by exceptional means include suicide of the offender, double murder, deathbed confession, and denied extradition. It should be noted that the number of offenses and not the number of persons arrested is used to count clearances. Several offenses may be cleared by the arrest of one person; or the arrest of several people may clear only one offense.

CRIME INDEX: The ten Part I Offenses reported in the Uniform Crime Reporting Program to represent the status of crime in the United States: murder and non-negligent manslaughter (the latter term is not used in Hawaii), rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, arson, human trafficking: commercial sex acts, and human trafficking: involuntary servitude.

CRIME RATE: The number of crimes per 100,000 population (usually the resident population) is obtained using the following equation:

Crime Rate =
$$\left(\frac{Number of Crimes}{Resident Population}\right) x 100,000$$

More accurate crime rates (e.g., the number of rapes per 100,000 females or the number of motor vehicle thefts per 100,000 vehicles) are not reported in *Crime in the U.S.* and, therefore, are not used in *Crime in Hawaii*.

CRIMINAL HOMICIDE: The willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another or the killing of another person through gross negligence. Includes Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter (the latter term is not used in Hawaii), and Manslaughter by Negligence.

DE FACTO POPULATION: The number of persons physically present in an area, regardless of military status or usual place of residence. Includes visitors present and excludes residents temporarily absent.

HUMAN TRAFFICKING – COMMERCIAL SEX ACTS: Inducing a person by force, fraud, or coercion to participate in commercial sex acts, or in which the person induced to perform such act(s) has not attained 18 years of age.

HUMAN TRAFFICKING – INVOLUNTARY SERVITUDE: The obtaining of a person(s) through recruitment, harboring, transportation, or provision, and subjecting such persons by force, fraud, or coercion into involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery (not to include commercial sex acts).

JUVENILE: Person under the age of 18.

LARCENY-THEFT: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Includes pocket-picking, purse-snatching, shoplifting, theft from motor vehicles, theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories, theft of bicycles, etc. Does not include embezzlement, forgery, or motor vehicle theft.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle, including automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, motor scooters, snowmobiles, etc.

MURDER: The willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another.

NONVIOLENT OFFENSES: Include the offense categories of larceny-theft, burglary, and auto theft. Often referred to as Property Offenses (excluding robbery).

PART I OFFENSES: Offenses which make up the Crime Index: murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, arson, human trafficking: commercial sex acts, and human trafficking: involuntary servitude; plus the offense of manslaughter by negligence.

PART II OFFENSES: All criminal offenses not classified as Part I Offenses. Also included are the juvenile status offenses of curfew/loitering violation and runaway. See Appendix B for specific Part II Offense definitions.

PROPERTY OFFENSES: Include larceny-theft, burglary, auto theft, and arson. Robbery is classified as a violent crime due to the use or threat of force.

RAPE (revised): Penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. Statutory rape (without force) and other sex offenses are not included in this category.

Rape (legacy): The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Sexual assaults against males are not included in this category.

RESIDENT POPULATION: The number of persons whose usual place of residence is in an area, regardless of physical location on the estimated census date. Includes military personnel stationed or homeported in the area and excludes persons of local origin attending school or in military service outside the area.

ROBBERY: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim(s) in fear. While robbery has the attributes of a property crime, it is grouped with violent crimes due to the additional attribute of force or the threat of force.

VIOLENT OFFENSES: Include the offense categories of murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, human trafficking: commercial sex acts, and human trafficking: involuntary servitude.

APPENDIX B

PART II OFFENSES

CRIMINAL OFFENSES

ASSAULT, OTHER: Assaults and attempted assaults where no weapon was used or which did not result in serious or aggravated injury to the victim. Examples include simple assault, assault and battery, resisting or obstructing an officer, intimidation, coercion, and hazing.

DISORDERLY CONDUCT: Committing a breach of the peace. Includes affray; unlawful assembly; disturbing the peace; disturbing meetings; and blasphemy, profanity, and obscene language.

DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE: Driving or operating any vehicle or common carrier while drunk or under the influence of intoxicants.

DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS: Include all violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of illegal drugs.

EMBEZZLEMENT: Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody, or control.

FORGERY AND COUNTERFEITING: All offenses dealing with the making, altering, uttering, or possession of, with intent to defraud, anything false in the semblance of what is true.

FRAUD: Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretenses. Includes bad checks (except forgeries and counterfeiting), confidence games, and unauthorized withdrawal of money from an automatic teller machine.

GAMBLING: Promoting, permitting, or engaging in illegal gambling. Includes 3 subcategories: bookmaking, numbers and lottery, and "other" gambling.

LIQUOR LAWS: Include unlawful manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor; and drinking on a train or public conveyance. Do not include Drunkenness and Driving Under the Influence.

MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE: The killing of another person through gross negligence. Manslaughter by negligence is considered a Part I Offense but is not included in the Crime Index.

OFFENSES AGAINST THE FAMILY AND CHILDREN: Include all charges of nonsupport and neglect or abuse of family and children. Examples include desertion, abandonment, or nonsupport of spouse or child; neglect or abuse of spouse or child; and nonpayment of alimony.

PROSTITUTION AND COMMERCIALIZED VICE: Sex offenses of a commercialized nature, broken down into three subcategories: prostitution; assisting or promoting prostitution; and purchasing prostitution. These offense types are included in the prostitution and commercialized vice category: keeping a bawdy house, disorderly house, or house of ill fame; pandering, procuring, transporting, or detaining women for immoral purposes, etc.; and all attempts.

SEX OFFENSES: Include indecent exposure, incest, statutory rape (no force), other offenses against common decency and morals, and all attempts. Do not include rape, prostitution, and commercialized vice.

STOLEN PROPERTY: Buying, receiving, and possessing stolen property, including attempts.

VAGRANCY: Persons arrested on grounds of "suspicion" may be prosecuted on this charge. Includes vagrancy, begging, loitering (persons 18 and over), and vagabondage.

VANDALISM: The willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement, or defacement of any public or private property, real or personal, without consent of the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by local law.

WEAPONS OFFENSES: Include unlawful manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; unlawful carrying of deadly weapons, concealed or openly; using, manufacturing, etc. silencers; furnishing deadly weapons to a minor; and all attempts to commit any of the above.

ALL OTHER OFFENSES: Include all other state and local offenses (excluding traffic violations) not included elsewhere. Examples are:

- Admitting minors to improper places
- Abduction and compelling to marry
- Bigamy and polygamy
- Blackmail and extortion
- Combination in restraint of trade; trusts, monopolies
- Contempt of court
- Criminal anarchism
- Discrimination, unfair competition
- Kidnapping
- Marriage within prohibited degrees
- Offenses contributing to juvenile delinquency, such as employment of children in immoral vocations or practices
- Perjury and subornation of perjury
- Possession, repair, manufacture, etc. of burglar's tools
- Possession of drug paraphernalia
- Possession or sale of obscene literature, pictures, etc.
- Public nuisances
- Riot and rout
- Trespass
- Unlawfully bringing drugs and liquor into state prisons, hospitals, etc.; furnishing to convicts
- Violations of state regulatory laws and municipal ordinances
- Violation of quarantine
- Truancy (noncriminal juvenile status offense)
- Ungovernability (noncriminal juvenile status offense)
- · All offenses not otherwise classified
- All attempts to commit any of the above

NONCRIMINAL OFFENSES

STATUS OFFENSES (PERSONS UNDER 18): Noncriminal acts or conduct which are offenses only when committed or engaged in by juveniles; include curfew violation and runaways.

CURFEW AND LOITERING: Included are violations of local curfew or loitering ordinances.

RUNAWAYS: Apprehension for protective custody as defined by local statute.

NONCRIMINAL ARREST CATEGORY

SUSPICION: While "suspicion" is not an offense, it may be the grounds for many arrests in those jurisdictions where the law permits. After examination by law enforcement officers, the prisoner is either formally charged or released. Those formally charged are entered in one of the Index or Part II offense classes. This class is limited to "suspicion" arrests where persons arrested are released by the police.