Dispositions

Aptitude Testing

Community Service

Community-Based Programs

Delinquency Prevention Programs

Detention Home

Educational Programs

Essay Writing

Family Counseling

Geographical Restrictions

Hawaii Youth Correctional Facility

Home Chores

Home Detention

Individual Counseling

Letter of Apology

Neighborhood Courts Mediation

Outreach Programs

Persons Restrictions

Physical/Medical Examination

Probation

Restitution

Shelter Facilities

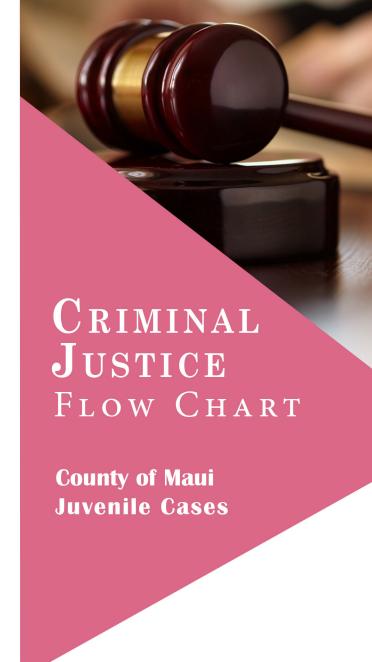
Substance Abuse Treatment

Vocational Testing

Youth-Initiated Programs

These criminal justice flow charts were produced to give the general public a better understanding of the criminal justice system. These are basic models and portray the most common sequence of events in response to serious criminal behavior. It is not representative of any individual case.

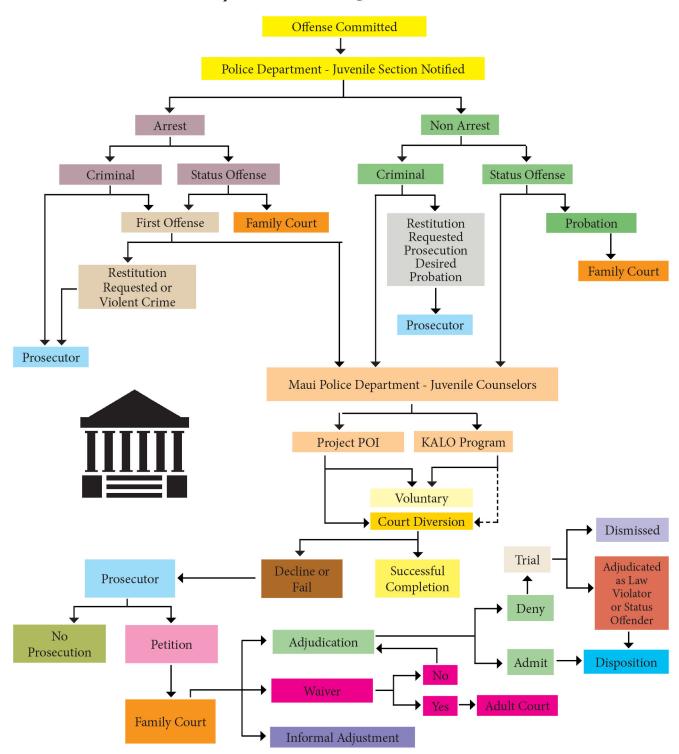
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County of Maui - Juvenile Cases



Definitions

Adjudication: A hearing in which the juvenile is advised formally of the law violation charges against him/her, is advised of his/her constitutional rights and given the opportunity to enter a plea. If juvenile pleads innocent, the case is set for an adjudication hearing (i.e. trial).

Dismissed: Similar to adult found not guilty.

Disposition: Similar to a sentence in adult court. The court determines the consequences of a juvenile who has been adjudicated for or who has admitted the commission of an offense (see disposition list on back).

Felony: A crime which is considered more serious than a *misdemeanor* and with harsher penalties.

Informal Adjustment: A non-judicial, administrative, disposition of a referral, where the juvenile and parents agree to certain terms, without a court hearing.

Juvenile Counselors: Located physically within the Maui Police Department Juvenile Section, these social workers are available Monday through Friday during regular working hours to provide immediate counseling to the juvenile offender.

Misdemeanor: A crime which is less serious than a *felony* but more serious than a petty misdemeanor.

Petition: A legal document filed in Family Court alleging an offense (law violation or status offense) committed by a juvenile.

Plea: The juvenile's formal answer to a petition (admits or denies).

Project POI: A voluntary intervention program administered through Maui Police Department. It is designed for first-time offenders to deter further involvement with the juvenile justice system by providing intervention services, such as immediate consequences and counseling.

Prosecutor: The government's attorney who is assigned to prosecute the pending petition against the juvenile.

Status Offenders: A person under 18 years of age, who commits the act of truancy, runaway, or incorrigibility.

Trial: Similar to a trial for adults; determines whether or not the juvenile committed the offense.

Waiver of Jurisdiction: The judicial process through which the Family Court may transfer the juvenile to the jurisdiction of the adult court. If jurisdiction is waived, the juvenile will be tried as an adult in the adult criminal court.